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Applicant Guangzhou Linong Lighting Technology Co., Ltd.

Address : No. 4, Keying Road, Guangzhou Private Science and Technology Park,

No. 1633 Beitai Road, Baiyun District, Guangzhou

Name of sample : LED Strip Light

Receiving Date : Jul. 04, 2022

Test Date : Jul. 08, 2022

Test Address : No.47-3, Industrial Road, Zhushan, Dalong Street, Panyu District,

Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

Test Method : EN 62471:2008 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Testing Item : See the conclusion item

Decision Basis : EN 62471:2008 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Conclusion : Pass

Signed for and on behalf of

Shenzhen United Testing Technology Co.,Ltd

Liuze

Approved Signatory

Jul. 12, 2022

Issue Date



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#### 1, Sample information

For samples, the information provided by the customer is as follows:

Product Name : LED Strip Light

Trade Mark · LNLED

Main Model LNTS8WNW192G5-M1-D12

LNTS3NW120G0-M1-D12, LNTS3NW120GA0-M1-D12-10M LNTS3NW120GX-M1-D12-20M, LNTS3PW120GA0-M1-D12-10M, LNTS3WNW120G0-M1-D12, LNTS3WNW120GA0-M1-D12-10M,

LNTS3WW120G0-M1-D12, LNTS8NW120GA0-A1-D12,

Additional models: LNTS8NW120GA0-M1-D12, LNTS8PW120G0-M1-D12,

LNTS8PW120GA0-M1-D12, LNTS8WNW192G0-C1-D12, LNTS8WW120GA0-A1-D12, LNTS7PW60G0-A1-D24,

LNTS8NW120GX-M1-D12-20M, LNTS8NW60GX-M1-D12-20M,

LNTS8WW60GX-M1-D12-20M, LNTS8NW120G0-M1-D12

Rting(S) : DC12V,1.297A, 15.56W

Manufacturer Guangzhou Linong Lighting Technology Co., Ltd.

Manufacturer . No. 4, Keying Road, Guangzhou Private Science and Technology Park,

Address No. 1633 Beitai Road, Baiyun District, Guangzhou

Note

#### 2, Conclusion

The sample was detected and according to the detection results, the conclusion are as follows:

Test item	Decision Basis	Conclusion
Actinic UV, Es		Pass
Near UV, Euva	i 14.	Pass
Blue light, Lb  Retinal thermal, Lr	EN 62471:2008 Photobiological	Pass
	safety of lamps and lamp systems	Pass
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus, Lir	120	Pass
IR radiation,eye, Eir	i 6	Pass

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#### 3. Test item particulars

Test item particulars			
Test item Description	į.	LED Strip Light	
Trademark	:	LNLED	
Model and/or type reference	:	LNTS8WNW192G5-M	1-D12
Rating(s)	1	DC12V,1.297A, 15.56W	V
Test item particulars			
Lamp Type	:	LED Lamp	
<b>Emission Condition</b>	:	⊠ Continuous wave em	ission Pulse emission
Possible test case verdicts			,
- test case does not apply to the test object	:	N/A	
- test object does meet the requirement		P (Pass)	
- test object does not meet the requirement	7	F (Fail)	
Lamp classification group	:	⊠Exempt □ Risk 1	☐ Risk 2 ☐ Risk 3
General remarks:		~	<i>5</i>
"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional info "(See appended table)" refers to a table app Throughout this report a comma /	enc	ded to the report.	
Summary of testing:		point is used as the deci	and separator
The test samples are complying with the rel -EN 62471:2008	leva	ant product standard(s) as	nd all applicable test clauses.
T' IN		-1	
Ambient temperature for test	V	25.3℃ 50RH	J i
Test input voltage		DC 13.18V	
Current	:	1.297A	
Power	:	17.09W	
Power factor	:		= =



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	EN 62471		
Clause	Requirement Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
		U	7.5
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		P
4.1	General	4	P
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure	120	P
. 5	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 <sup>4</sup> cd·m <sup>-2</sup>	see clause 4.3	P
4.3	Hazard exposure limits	6.	P
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye	1 20	P
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J·m <sup>-2</sup> within any 8-hour period		P
À	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, E <sub>S</sub> , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:	i 12	P
N	$E_{s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$		P
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		P
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{s}}}$ s	12,	P
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		P
7	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J.m-2 for exposure times less than 1000 s.  For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E <sub>UVA</sub> , shall not exceed 10 W.m-2.	n,	P
U	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:	'N'	N/A
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$		N/A
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		P



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-	EN 62471		10
Clause	Requirement Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
			100
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$ , i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , $L_B$ , shall not exceed the levels defined by:	i vi	P
S	$L_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^{6} \qquad J \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for $t \le 10^4 \text{ s}$ $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{10^6}{L_B}$	N/A
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for $t > 10^4$ s	P
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source		N/A
i.	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye $E_{\lambda}$ , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:	121	N/A
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	d .	N/A
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1$ $W \cdot m^{-2}$		N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit	12	P
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, $L_{\lambda}$ , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(\lambda)$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:	150	Р
-1	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}} \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1}$	$(10 \ \mu s \le t \le 10 \ s)$	Р
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual st	imulus	P
15	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L <sub>IR</sub> , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:	- 1	P
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	t > 10 s	P



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Clause	Requirement Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye	4.	P
Ň	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E <sub>IR</sub> , over the wavelength range 780 nm To 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:	10 m	P
N	$E_{\text{IR}} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75}$ W · m <sup>-2</sup>	t ≤ 1000 s	N/A
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes		P
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W·m <sup>-2</sup>	t > 1000 s	P
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin	D.	P
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		P
ia.	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0.25} \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	Z. U	P

5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTI	EMS	P
5.1	Measurement conditions		P
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.	N.	P
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		P
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.	, M	P
5.1.2	Test environment	_	P
V	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.	12,	P
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation	0,	P
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.	, ed	Р



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Clause	Requirement Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
		12	. 1
5.1.4	Lamp operation		P
- 6	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:	The state of the s	P
7	- the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or		P
	- the manufacturer's recommendation	120	P
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		N/A
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:	121	N/A
	- the appropriate IEC standard, or		N/A
	- the manufacturer's recommendation	4	N/A
5.2	Measurement procedure	D.	P
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements	6	P
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.	27	P
leg,	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.	_	P
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.	LT.	P
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		P
5.2.2	Radiance measurements	·	P
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		N/A
ئى	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.	, a	N/A
5.2.3	Measurement of source size	5	P
U	The determination of $\alpha$ , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		Р
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources	0	N/A
5	The determination of $\Delta t$ , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.	121	N/A



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Clause	Requirement Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
			-
5.3	Analysis methods	1	P
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations	1	P
2	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	P
5.3.2	Calculations		P
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.	120	P
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty	17	P
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	P

6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION	P	
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	P
	<ul> <li>for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lx, but not at a distance less than 200 mm</li> </ul>	5001x	P
n,	<ul> <li>for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm</li> </ul>	L'I	N/A
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		P
6.1.1	Except Group	4	P
	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		P
ė.	an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor	The The	P



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Clause	Requirement Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
		P.	1.1
	- a near-UV hazard (E <sub>UVA</sub> ) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor		P
ادي	a retinal blue-light hazard (L <sub>B</sub> ) within 10000 s     (about 2,8 h), nor	,	P
	- a retinal thermal hazard (L <sub>R</sub> ) within 10 s, nor	2,	P
V	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye ( $E_{IR}$ ) within $1000~\mbox{s}$		Р
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)	The same of the sa	N/A
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:	6	N/A
	- an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 10000 s, nor		N/A
	– a near ultraviolet hazard (E <sub>UVA</sub> ) within 300 s, nor	4	N/A
	– a retinal blue-light hazard (L <sub>B</sub> ) within 100 s, nor		N/A
67,	- a retinal thermal hazard (L <sub>R</sub> ) within 10 s, nor		N/A
	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye ( $E_{IR}$ ) within 100 s	121	N/A
\	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L <sub>IR</sub> ), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.	121	N/A
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:	. 14	N/A
	<ul> <li>an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>s</sub>) within 1000 s</li> <li>exposure, nor</li> </ul>		N/A
	- a near ultraviolet hazard (E <sub>UVA</sub> ) within 100 s, nor	7	N/A
U	a retinal blue-light hazard (L <sub>B</sub> ) within 0,25 s     (aversion response), nor	- 4	N/A
	a retinal thermal hazard (L <sub>R</sub> ) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor	0	N/A
A.	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye $(E_{IR})$ within $10~\rm s$	121	N/A



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Clause	Requirement Test	Result-Remark	Verdict
			1
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L <sub>IR</sub> ), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.	4, 6	N/A
5.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.	, pi	N/A
5.2	Pulsed lamps		N/A
U	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A
1	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:	N	N/A
	<ul> <li>a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)</li> </ul>	4	N/A
in	<ul> <li>for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is</li> </ul>		N/A
	below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group	M	S
	for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the	N,	N/A
	pulsed emission	17.	

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Clause	Requirement Test	124	Result-Remark	Verdict

Wavelength <sup>1</sup> λ, nm	$\begin{array}{c} \text{UV hazard function} \\ S_{\text{UV}}(\lambda) \end{array}$	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard function $S_{UV}(\lambda)$
200	0,030	313*	0,006
205	0,051	315	0,003
210	0,075	316	0,0024
215	0,095	317	0,0020
220	0,120	318	0,0016
225	0,150	319	0,0012
230	0,190	320	0,0010
235	0,240	322	0,00067
240	0,300	323	0,00054
245	0,360	325	0,00050
250	0,430	328	0,00044
254*	0,500	330	0,00041
255	0,520	333*	0,00037
260	0,650	335	0,00034
265	0,810	340	0,00028
270	1,000	345	0,00024
275	0,960	350	0,00020
280*	0,880	355	0,00016
285	0,770	360	0,00013
290	0,640	365*	0,00011
295	0,540	370	0,000093
297*	0,460	375	0,000077
300	0,300	380	0,000064
303*	0,120	385	0,000053
305	0,060	390	0,000044
308	0,026	395	0,000036
310	0,015	400	0,000030

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1.</sup> Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation intermediate wavelengths.

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Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



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Clause	Requirement Test	124	Result-Remark	Verdict

optical sources Wavelength	Blue-light hazard function	Burn hazar	d function
nm	Β (λ)	R (2	
300	0,01	-	
305	0,01	0-	12
310	0,01		
315	0,01	in.	
320	0,01	O.	
325	0,01		
330	0,01		7
335	0,01		
340	0,01	4	
345	0,01	120	in i
350	0,01		1
355	0,01	. 4	
360	0,01	12	
365	0,01		
370	0,01	- 1	
375	0,01	D.	
380	0,01	0,1	L
385	0,013	0,1	3
390	0,025	0,2	5
395	0,05	0,5	5
400	0,10	1,0	)
405	0,20	2,0	)
410	0,40	4,0	)
415	0,80	8,0	)
420	0,90	9,0	)
425	0,95	9,5	5
430	0,98	9,8	3

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Clause	Requirement Test	124	Result-Remark	Verdict

Table 4.2	Spectral weight optical sources	ting functions for assessing retinal	hazards from broadb and P
W	avelength nm	Blue-light hazard function B (λ)	Burn hazard function $R(\lambda)$
	440	1,00	10,0
	445	0,97	9,7
15	450	0,94	9,4
	455	0,90	9,0
	460	0,80	8,0
	465	0,70	7,0
	470	0,62	6,2
i.	475	0,55	5,5
	480	0,45	4,5
	485	0,40	4,0
les .	490	0,22	2,2
17	495	0,16	1,6
:	500-600	$10^{[(450-\lambda)/50]}$	1,0
	600-700	0,001	1,0
7	700-1050	5 . 5	$10^{[(700-\lambda)/500]}$
10	050-1150		0,2
1	150-1200		$0,2\cdot 10^{0,02(1150-\lambda)}$
12	200-1400	120	0,02



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Clause	Requirement Test	124	Result-Remark	Verdict

	able 5.4 Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)					
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of constant irradiance W•m <sup>-2</sup>	
Actinic UV skin & eye	$E_{S} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot S(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t	
Eye UV-A	$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10	
Blue-light small source	$E_{B} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0	
Eye IR	$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t <sup>0,75</sup> 100	
Skin thermal	$E_{\rm H} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t <sup>0,75</sup>	

Table 5.5 Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)					
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in terms of constant radiance W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup> )
Blue light	$L_{\rm B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	$0,25 - 10$ $10-100$ $100-10000$ $\geq 10000$	$0.011 \cdot \sqrt{(t/10)} \\ 0.011 \\ 0.0011 \cdot \sqrt{t} \\ 0.1$	$10^{6}/t$ $10^{6}/t$ $10^{6}/t$ $100$
Retinal thermal	$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 0,011• $\sqrt{(t/10)}$	50000/(α•t <sup>0,25</sup> ) 50000/(α•t <sup>0,25</sup> )
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000/α



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Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps of Red light						t	P	
	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement					
Risk				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	SUV(λ)	Es	W•m⁻²	0,001	1.118E-07	0,003		0,03	
Near UV	9	Euva	W•m⁻²	0.33	1.341E-03	33		100	
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	5.362E+01	10000	6	4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	1,0*	1	1,0	770	400	10
Retinal thermal	$R(\lambda)$	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α	1.750E+03	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	$R(\lambda)$	L <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	6000/α	0.000E+00	6000/α	_ U	6000/α	- \
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	100	1.436E-01	570		3200	

<sup>\*</sup> Small source defined as one with  $\alpha < 0.011$  radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0.1 radian.

Note: Angular subtense of apparent source: 68.7 mrad

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



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#### List of test equipment used:

Manufacturer	Description	Equipment ID	Model	Last Calibration date	Calibration due date			
SENSING	Measuring System for Assessment of Optical Radiation safety	LC01	SPR-5000	2021-09-07	2022-09-06			



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#### Sample Photo





The sample picture is only used to inform the customer that the sample received by the laboratory is shown in the picture, which does not prove the appearance and quality of the customer's products.

\*\*\*End of Report\*\*\*



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